Revisão- 3ºbimestre- 8º ano

Comparative of superiority

São Paulo is <u>more</u> dangerous <u>than</u> Tupã. São Paulo is cold<u>er than</u> Tupã.



| Long adjectives:more | Short adjectives: <u>er</u> | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| expensive | Big | | |
| interesting | (consoante+vogal+consoante-sílaba | | |
| dangerous | forte: dobra a última letra e | | |
| comfortable | acrescenta- er) | | |
| | Sunny | | |
| | (consoante + Y: tira o Y e | | |
| | acrescenta- IER) | | |
| | Large(quando termina em $\underline{\mathbf{E}}$ | | |
| | acrescentamos apenas R) | | |
| | Small | | |
| | Easy | | |
| | Fat | | |
| | Pretty | | |
| | Old | | |
| | Tall | | |

Exceptions: Good_____ Bad____

Far: further/f<u>a</u>rther

Superlative

São Paulo is <u>the most</u> expensive city. São Paulo is <u>the</u> cold<u>est</u> city.



Burj Khalifa is <u>the tallest</u> building in the world.

| Long adjective: The most | Short adjective:theest | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| beautiful | fast | |
| difficult | big (consoante+ | |
| | vogal+ consoante: dobramos a | |
| | última letra e acrescentamos <u>est</u>) | |
| | easy(consoante | |
| | + y:tiramos o y e acrescentamos | |
| | iest) | |
| | large(quando o | |
| | adjetivo termina em <u>E</u> | |
| | acrescentamos apenas <u>ST</u>) | |

Exceptions: Good_____

Bad

Far: the furthest/farthest

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives to make true sentences,

- a) Math is ______ than Art. (difficult)
- b) Neymar is _______soccer player. (good)
- c) Pedro is ______ than Carlos. (tall)
- d) The cheetah is ______ animal. . (fast)
- e) SP is ______than Tupã. . (ugly)
- f) Gisele is ______than Mariana. (beautiful)
- g) Bob is ______student . (bad)

Adverbs of manner:

How **<u>good</u>** are you at soccer? <u>**I**</u> am very **<u>good/bad</u>**. (good/bad- adjectivesum adjetivo descreve uma pessoa, um animal ou uma coisa)

How <u>well</u> do you <u>play</u> soccer? I <u>play</u> soccer <u>well/badly</u> (well/badlyadverbs- um advérbio descreve como algo acontece)

Acrescentamos <u>LY</u> nos adjetivos para formar a maioria dos advérbios de modo.

Loud____/ fantastic- fantastically/ sad____/boring____

Cuidado:

Easy (consoante + y- tira o y ecoloca <u>ily</u>)easy_____ Incredibl<u>e</u> (quando terminado em E tiramos o E e colocamos y) Incredibl<u>e</u> <u>Irregular adverbs of manner</u> Good-<u>well</u> Fast- <u>fast</u> Hard- <u>hard</u> Late-<u>late</u>

Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.

Do you speak English <u>well/good</u>? Are you <u>good /well</u> at Math Do you drive careful/carefully? She sings <u>beautiful/beautifully</u> She is <u>beautiful/beautifully</u>

Invitation:

Would you like to + <u>verb</u>? Would you like to <u>go</u> to the movies? Yes, I would/ Yes, I'd love to/ No, I wouldn't/ No, thank you. I want- <u>I would like</u> (forma mais polida)

<u>Suggestions:</u> Why don't you + <u>verb</u>? / What about + verb+ <u>ing</u>? Why don't you <u>take</u> an aspirin? / What about tak<u>ing</u> an aspirin? <u>Ing</u>: dance____/stop____/ listen___/ study____

Give suggestions for the problems.

- a) I have bad grades at school_____
- b) I am sick_____

Directions:

How can I get to _____? / Where is ____?

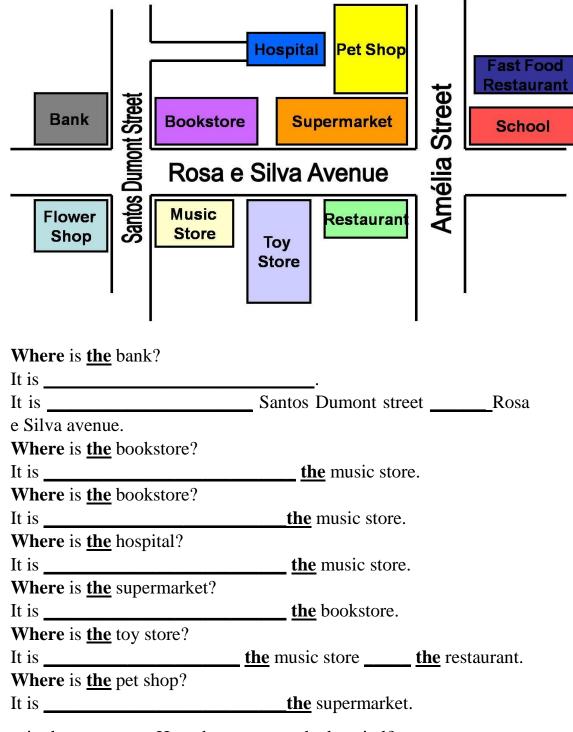
Go along Tamoios avenue.

Turn right Caingangs street.

It is **on the right**.

Primary school is <u>on the left/ opposite</u>. / Go as far as: chegar ao ponto/ir até

| Turn right | Turn left | Go down |
|----------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Vire À direita | Vire À esquerda | desça |
| Go up | Go along | Go straight ahead |
| suba | Vá adiante/Vá ao | Siga em frente/Vá reto |
| | longo | |
| On the left | On the right | Opposite/across from |
| À esquerda | À direita | Em frente atravessando |
| | | a rua) |
| Next to | On the corner | Go through |
| Ao lado | (of) | Passar por, atravessar |
| | Na esquina | |



You are in the restaurant. How do you get to the hospital?

You are in the pet shop. How do you get to the flower shop?