

REVISÃO DE INGLÊS- 7º ANO- 2º BIMESTRE

Simple Present

AFFIRMATIVE	INTERROGATIVE	NEGATIVE
I work	Do I work?	I don't work
You work	Do you work? Yes, I do	You don't work
He works	No, I don't	He doesn't work
She works	Does he work?	She doesn't work
It works	Does she work?	It doesn't work
We work	Does it work?	We don't work
You work	Do we work?	You don't work
They work	Do you work?	They don't work
	Do they work?	

He/she/ it + wash/watch/fix/go/ kiss +es

Plays (vowel+y)

Try/ tries (consonant+ y)

(I=eu/you=você(s)/ he=ele/she=ela/it=ele(a)para coisas/we=nós/they=eles, ellas)

He/she/it+ verbo + **es**(se o verbo terminar em **ch/sh/x/o/s** acrescentamos "ES")

ies(se o verbo terminar em **consoante + y**, tiramos o Y e colocamos "ies")

S(se o verbo não se encaixar em nenhuma das regras anteriores acrescentamos apenas

"s")

Complete com "**do**" ou "**does**".

Where _____ **John and Mary** live?

What _____ **she** do in his free time?

How _____ **Mary** go to school?

What kind of movie _____ **you** like?

What languages _____ your **parents** speak?

When _____ **we** have English classes?

What time _____ the **students** go to the party?

_____ **they** work in the morning?

Complete as frases usando os verbos do quadro. (Simple present). Cuidado com as exceções.

Cuidado: **He/she/ it + verb + S/ ES/ IES**

work=trabalhar drink=beber eat= comer

study= estudar sleep= dormir

a) She _____ in a supermarket.

b) I _____ at 9pm.

c) They _____ at Seletivo.

d) He _____ hamburger every Saturday.

e) You _____ soda in the afternoon.

ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

ALWAYS (100%)

USUALLY

OFTEN

SOMETIMES

RARELY

NEVER (0%)

a) **How often** do you listen to music? _____

b) **Do** you like soccer? _____

c) **How often** do you play soccer? _____

Sujeito (subject pronoun)	Objeto (object pronoun)	I like science fiction movies
I=eu	ME	very much.
You=você(s)	YOU	I like them very much.
He=ele	HIM	
She=ela	HER	I like Ana .
It=ele(a)	IT	I like her .
We=nós	US	(I: sujeito) (Her: objeto)
They=eles,elas	THEM	

Reescreva as frases abaixo substituindo as palavras grifadas por “subject or object pronouns”.

- a) **Mary** loves **Paul**. _____
- b) **Peter** likes **milk**. _____
- c) We called **Bob and Mary**. _____
- d) The doctor talked to **Rachel**. _____

Present Continuous: am/are/is + verb + ing

Affirmative	Interrogative	Negative
I am visiting.	Am I visiting?	I am not visiting.
You are visiting.	Are you visiting?	You are not visiting.
He is visiting.	Is he visiting?	He is not visiting.
She is visiting.	Is she visiting?	She is not visiting.
It is visiting.	Is it visiting?	It is not visiting.
We are visiting.	Are we visiting?	We are not visiting.
You are visiting.	Are you visiting?	You are not visiting.
They are visiting.	Are they visiting?	They are not visiting.

Is not=isn't

are not=aren't

am='m/ is='s/ are='re

CUIDADO:

- 1) quando o verbo terminar com “e” tiramos o “e” e colocamos “ing”:

Dance- danc**ing**

- 2) Se o verbo terminar com consoante + vogal+ consoante, dobramos a última letra e acrescentamos “ing” (sílabas fortes)

Stop- stopping



He is studying now

Use the verbs in parenthesis in the simple present or in the present continuous.

- a) My dog never _____ on the sofa. (sleep)
- b) We _____ English now. (study)
- c) Look! They _____ Bob's sandwich right now. (eat)
- d) I _____ my mother at home every day. (help)

Passado do verbo to be (ser/estar)

Affirmative	Interrogative	Negative
<u>I was</u> You were	Was I ...? Were you...?	I was not You were not
<u>He was</u>	Was he...?	He was not
<u>She was</u>	Was she...?	She was not
<u>It was</u>	Was it...?	It was not
We were	Were we...?	We were not
You were	Were you...?	You were not
They were	Were they...?	They were not

Was not=wasn't/ were not=weren't

WHERE WERE YOU YESTERDAY?

I WAS AT HOME



I WAS FAT IN THE 5TH GRADE.



Complete with **was** or **were**.

- a) I _____ tired this morning.
- b) The food _____ good.
- c) We _____ late.
- d) Monet _____ a French painter.

There is= existe

**There was= existia/
havia**

There are= existem

There were=existiam

THERE WAS A SHOPPING MALL IN TUPÃ.

WAS THERE....?

THERE WASN'T...

THERE WERE 2 CINEMAS.

WERE THERE ...?

THERE WEREN'T...

Complete with **there was** or **there were**.

- a) _____ a school in the village.
- b) _____ 30 people.
- c) _____ immigrants.

Past Continuous-was/were + verb + ing

Affirmative

Interrogative

Negative

I was studying

Was I studying?

I was **not** studying

You **were** studying

Were You studying?

You were **not** studying

He was studying

Was he studying?

He was not studying

She was studying

Was she studying?

She was not studying

It was studying

Yes, she was

It was not studying

We were studying

No, she wasn't

We were not studying

You were studying

Was it studying?

You were not studying

They were studying

Were we studying?

They were not studying

Were You studying?

Were they studying?

Was not= wasn't/ were not= weren't

CUIDADO:

1) quando o verbo terminar com “e” tiramos o “e” e colocamos “ing”:

Dance- dancing

2) Se o verbo terminar com **consoante + vogal+ consoante, dobramos a última letra e acrescentamos “ing”** (sílabas fortes)

Stop- stopping/listening

Past Continuous Tense

past now future

XXXXX

She was listening to music.

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- a) What were you **doing** last night? _____
- b) What was your best friend **doing** yesterday? _____

Complete with Past Continuous tense.

- a) The sun _____ (shine) yesterday.
- b) My friends _____ (dance).
- c) I _____ (play) soccer last night.

COMPOSITION:

MY ROUTINE (SIMPLE PRESENT)

PROVA ANGLO- MODULES 3,4,5 AND 6.

WHO=QUEM

WHERE=ONDE

WHEN=QUANDO