REVISÃO- 7º ANO- 3º BIMESTRE Teacher: Patrícia

Present Continuous: am/is/are + verb + ing

Affirmative	Interrogative	Negative
l <u>am</u> visit <u>ing</u> .	<u>Am I</u> visit <u>ing</u> ?	l <u>am not</u> visit <u>ing</u> .
You are visiting.	Are you visiting?	You are visiting.
He is visiting.	Is he visiting?	He is not visiting.
She is visiting.	Is she visiting?	She is not visiting.
It is visiting.	Is it visiting?	It is not visiting.
We are visiting.	Are we visiting?	We are not visiting.
You are visiting.	Are you visiting?	You are visiting.
They are visiting.	Are they visiting?	They are not visiting.

<u>ls not=isn't/ are not= aren't</u>

CUIDADO:

1) quando o verbo terminar com "e" tiramos o "e" e colocamos "ing":

Danc<u>e</u>- danc<u>ing</u>

2) Se o verbo terminar com consoante + vogal+ consoante, dobramos a última letra e acrescentamos "ing" (sílaba forte)

S<u>top</u>- sto<u>pping</u>

Now=agora					
Right now= exatame	Right now= exatamente agora				
At this moment/at the moment/ at present/ at the present moment					
Coloque "ing" nos verbos abaixo					
live	eat	swim			
run	dance	stop			

Simple Present: habits/ routines

Simple resent. hubits/routines						
Interrogative	Negative					
<u>Do</u> I work?	l <u>do not</u> work.					
<u>Do</u> you work?	You <u>do not</u> work.					
<u>Does</u> he work?	He <u>does not</u> work.					
Does she work?	She <u>does not</u> work.					
Does it work?	lt <u>does not</u> work.					
<u>Do</u> we work?	We <u>do not</u> work.					
<u>Do</u> you work?	You <u>do not</u> work.					
<u>Do</u> they work?	They <u>do not</u> work.					
	Interrogative Do I work? Do you work? Does he work? Does she work? Does it work? Do we work? Do you work?					

Do not= don't/ Does not= doesn't

Every day (todo dia)/ every year/ every month Always (sempre)/ usually/often/sometimes/rarely/ never(nunca)					
Once (uma vez)/twice(duas vezes)/three times a year/a month/ a week					
	o presente simples ou do presente contínu				
	Sam Lester (live) in North London and (have) a				
part-time job. He (go) to school every week day but at the					
moment he (try) to save some money to buy a DVD					
player so he (work) in a fish and chips shop. He					
(work) three evenings a week and all day Saturday.					

Passado	do	verbo	to be	(ser/	estar)

rassado do verbo to be (ser) estar					
Affirmative	Interrogative	Negative			
l was	Was I?	l was not			
You were	Were you?	You were not			
He was	Was he?	He was not			
She was	Was she?	She was not			
It was	Was it?	It was not			
We were	Were we?	We were not			
You were	Were you?	You were not			
They were	Were they?	They were not			

Was not=wasn't/ were not=weren't

Complete com "was" ou "were".

a) Monet ______ a French painter.b) Bob and Peter ______ tired yesterday.

c) I _______ at school yesterday.d) They ______ in RJ last night.

Simple Past

Affirmative	Interroga	tive		Nega	ative	
I work ed .	Did	1	wor k ?	1	Did	Wor k .
You worked.		You	_	Υοι	u <u>not</u>	_
He worked.		He		He	<u>Didn't</u>	
She worked.		She		She	2	
It worked.		It		lt		
We worked.		We		We	2	
You worked.		You		Υοι	L	
They worked.		they		the	ey .	

VERBOS REGULARES:

1) Acrescentamos "ed" nos verbos regulares : work (presente)/ worked(passado)

2) Nos verbos terminados em "e" acrescentamos apenas o "d": move/ moved

3) Nos verbos terminados em "consoante + y" tiramos o "y" e acrescentamos "ied": try/ tried

4) Nos verbos terminados em "consoante + vogal + consoante", dobramos a última letra e acrescentamos "Ed": stop/ stoppped

Yesterday: ontem

Yesterday morning: ontem de manhã/ yesterday afternoon/ yesterday evening Last night: noite passada/ last week: semana passada/ last month: mês passado/ last summer: verão passado

Two days ago: dois dias atrás/ a week ago: uma semana atrás/ a month ago/ a year ago

Try/play/dance/talk/visit/study/cry/live/work/travel

ED	D	IED

Complete as frases com "last", "ago" or "yesterday".

a) Bob traveled to RJ 3 months ______.b) They went to the mall ______ morning.

c) ______ afternoon Peter played volleyball.

d) I watched TV ______ night.